UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Dameka Dowdy, et al.			
On behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated,			
	Plaintiff(s),		
-against-			
City of New York			
	Defendant(s).		

USDC SDNY DOCUMENT	
ELECTRONICALLY FILED	
DOC #:	
DATE FILED: 5/13/2025	

No: 22 -cv-6284 (ALC) (SDA)

REPORT OF RULE 26(f) MEETING AND [PROPOSED] CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN

In accordance with Rule 26(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, counsel for the parties spoke on April 22, 2025 and exchanged communications thereafter, and submit the following report of their meeting for the court's consideration:

1. <u>Summary of Claims, Defenses And Relevant Issues:</u>

Plaintiff [Attach Additional Pages As Needed]: The NYC Dep't of Sanitation (DSNY) maintains an "Enforcement Division" which employs Agents and Sanitation Police. The Agents are disproportionately non-white and female when compared to the Sanitation Police. More specifically, 38% of all Agents are female, while only 11% of Sanitation Police are female; 85% of Agents are non-white, while 50% of Sanitation Police are non-white. Moreover, the DSNY pulls Sanitation Police from its pool of Sanitation Workers, which is 97% male. (See Attached Additional Page)

Defendant [Attach Additional Pages As Needed]: _

Plaintiffs' disparate impact claims under Title VII, SHRL, and CHRL fail because the TAC lacks plausible allegations linking any DSNY policy or practice to the alleged disparities. The Equal Pay Act claim fails as Plaintiffs cannot make a showing that male Sanitation Police Officers performed substantially equal work to the female SEA plaintiffs. Plaintiffs' § 1983 claim also fails, as Plaintiffs cannot show intentional discrimination on the Part of Defendants.

2. <u>Basis of Subject Matter Jurisdiction:</u>

The Court's subject matter jurisdiction is based on Federal Question (Title VII, Equal Pay Act)

3. <u>Subjects On Which Discovery May Be Needed:</u>

	Plaintiff:	(1) The gender and racial composition of Agents and Sanitation Police, (2) payroll records			
and reco	ords regarding com	npensation paid to these two groups, (3) the duties, skill, responsibilities, effort and			
working	working conditions of these two groups, and (4) the City's claimed job-related reasons for the difference in				
in pay be	etween these two	groups.			
	Defendant:	Defendant is seeking documents/information about the computation of Plaintiffs' alleged damages.			
4.	Initial Disclo	sures:			
		will be			
		ation required by Rule 26(a)(1) was disclosed by Plaintiff(s) on			
June 16,		n addition, on June 16, 2025 , Plaintiff(s) produced will produce an initial			
		ments identified in its Initial Disclosures and will continue to supplement its			
produc	ction.				
	_, , ,	will be			
		ation required by Rule 26(a)(1) was disclosed by Defendant(s) on			
		In addition, on June 16, 2025, Defendant(s) produced will produce			
		evant documents identified in its Initial Disclosures and will continue to			
supple	ment its prod	uction.			
_	Farmal Diago				
5.	Formal Disco	overy:			
	The narties id	pintly propose to the Court the following discovery plan:			
	The parties jo	only propose to the court the following discovery plan.			
	a. All fac	ct discovery must be completed by November 13, 2025			
	7				
	b. The p	parties are to conduct discovery in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil			
Procedure and the Local Rules of the Southern District of New York. The following interim					
		extended by the parties on consent and without application to the Court,			
	•	irties meet the deadline for completing fact discovery set forth in 5(a) above.			
P		,			
	i.	Depositions: Depositions shall be completed by November 13, 2025 and			
limited to no more than TBD depositions per party. Absent an agreement between the parties or					
		ourt, non party depositions shall follow initial party depositions.			
	ii.	Interrogatories: Initial sets of interrogatories shall be served on or before			
June 23,	, 2025 . A	Il subsequent interrogatories must be served no later than 30 days from the			
discove	ery deadline.	·			

	iii.	Requests for Admission: Requests for admission must be served on or	
before	September	13, 2025	
		Requests for Production: Initial requests for production were will be une 23, 2025 and responses shall be due on August 23, 2025. All subsequent duction must be served no later than 30 days before the discovery deadline.	
within	v. a reasona	<u>Supplementation</u> : Supplementations under Rule 26(e) must be made able period of time after discovery of such information.	
6.	Anticipated Discovery Disputes:		
	Does either party anticipate discovery disputes or seek limitations on discovery? Describe.		
	Not at this time.		
7.	Amendn	nents To Pleadings:	
after th		lo amended pleadings may be filed after <u>July 23, 2025</u> . Any motion to amend vill need to meet the good cause requirements of Rule 16(b).	
after tl		No additional parties may be joined after July 23, 2025. Any motion to join will need to meet the good cause requirements of Rule 16(b).	
8.	Expert W	Vitness Disclosures:	
shall b		me, the parties [\blacksquare do / \square do not] anticipate utilizing experts. Expert discovery ted by February 13, 2026.	
9.	Electron	ic Discovery And Preservation Of Documents And Information:	
	a. H	lave the parties discussed electronic discovery? [$lacksquare$ Yes / \Box No]	
the pa		s there an electronic discovery protocol in place? [Yes / No] If not, when do ect to have one in place? Within 2 weeks after document requests served	
Rule 50		the parties want the Court to enter a Rule 502(d) Order? (See er) [\blacksquare Yes / \square No]	
[■ Yes		Vill the parties enter into a Protective Order? (See Model Protective Order)? If yes, the Protective Order shall be submitted no later June 9, 2025	

evide	ence an	d/or electronic discovery at the Initial Case Management Conference? Describe.		
	Not a	tt his time.		
10.	Anti	Anticipated Motions:		
	Antic	ipated motions include a motion to certify the class, and motion(s) for summary judgment.		
11.	<u>Early</u>	y Settlement Or Resolution:		
	reques	parties [\blacksquare have / \Box have not] discussed the possibility of settlement. The parties a settlement conference no later than $\underline{^{TBD}}$. The following information efore settlement can be discussed:		
	Plain	tiffs are open to discussing settlement once there has been sufficient discovery to		
evalua	ate the m	erits of the Plaintiffs claims and the Defendants' defenses and to determine potential damages.		
12.	Trial	<u>:</u>		
	a.	The parties anticipate that this case will be ready for trial by November 2026		
	b.	The parties anticipate that the trial of this case will require 7 days.		
	c.	The parties [\square do / \blacksquare do not] consent to a trial before a Magistrate Judge.		
	d.	The parties request a [\blacksquare jury / \square bench] trial.		
13.	Stat	itus Letter (To Be Completed By The Court):		
	The	parties shall file a joint letter regarding the status of discovery onJuly 14, 2025		
14.	Cons	Consent To Proceed Before A United States Magistrate Judge:		
durin		parties are advised that they may consent to Judge Aaron's jurisdiction at any time case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c). To consent to Judge Aaron's jurisdiction, please		

utilize the form to Consent for All Purposes or Consent For Specific Dispositive Motions, which

are hyperlinked herein and also available on Judge Aaron's Individual Practices Webpage.

15.	Other Matters:	
Respe	ctfully submitted this 6th day of May	
	Attorney(s) for Plaintiff(s): Moser Law Firm, by Steven Moser	Attorney(s) for Defendant(s):
	Seelig Law Offices, by Philip Seelig & Matt Porcaro	Shemori S. Corinthian, NYC Law Dep't
SO OF	RDERED.	
Dated	: New York, New York May 13, 2025	
		Stunt d. aun
		STEWART D. AARON
		United States Magistrate Judge

Continuation o lainti 's Response to Summary o Claims, De enses and Relevant Issues:

The City pays Sanitation Police drastically more than it pays Agents. Also, despite the fact that Agents wear uniforms, the City gives preferential "uniformed" bargaining status only to Sanitation Police, but not Agents. The City, through its bargaining practices, has thereby cemented and compounded differences in pay between segregated groups.

Plaintiffs, a group of more than 100 Agents, bring this action under Title VII, Section 1981, the NYCHRL, and the Equal Pay Act. They seek to be treated equally, regardless of race and sex. The City claims that Sanitation Police have unique responsibilities. However, the Plaintiffs claim that Sanitation Police exercise their unique responsibilities less than 1/100% of the time.